Annual Report of Implementation 2017
Citizens’ summary
What is INTERREG Caraïbes?

An European programme to promote cooperation in the Caribbean.

INTERREG Caraïbes provides financial support for projects involving European partners (from Guadeloupe, Guyana, Martinique and Saint-Martin) and non-European partners (more than 40 countries and territories) from the Caribbean. This programme is therefore a major support for operational cooperation in the area.

INTERREG Caraïbes is a partnership programme: it is managed by the Regional Council of Guadeloupe, which performs the functions of managing authority, jointly with the European partners (Territorial Collectivity of Guyana, Territorial Collectivity of Martinique, Territorial Collectivity of Saint-Martin, representatives of the State and European Commission) and non-European countries and territories (represented by regional international organisations: Organization of Eastern Caribbean States, CARIFORUM, Association of Caribbean States, Association of OCTs of the Caribbean). By establishing a regular dialogue between these partners, it contributes to the development of institutional cooperation in the Caribbean.

An answer to problems shared by the territories of the Caribbean zone.

INTERREG Caraïbes has a budget of more than 64 million euros ERDF and nearly 3 million euros EDF to support cooperation projects on issues and issues shared in the area:

Budget allocation by thematics of the cooperation programme

- employment and innovation
- natural hazards
- natural and cultural environment
- public health
- Renewable energies
- Human capital

The key figures of INTERREG Caribbean programme in 2017

- 2 selection commitées
- 15 projects selected
- €22,705,258 of ERDF committed
- €667,653 EDF committed
- 24 projects proposals
- 6 rejected projects
- 4 Projects submitted "au fil de l'eau" in 2017 (2 were rejected and 2 adjourned).
Structuring projects of cooperation with a win-win repercussions

INTERREG Caraïbes programme supports structuring projects, that is, projects that respond concretely to one or more issues in the cooperation area and that unite a rich and relevant partnership. The INTERREG Caraïbes projects are cooperation projects whose benefits are equitably distributed among the partners, “win-win” projects (these are not development aid or export assistance projects).

A unique feature: the experimentation of a EDF/ERDF articulation

Thanks to a unique delegation of € 2 940 000 from the EDF (European Development Fund), INTERREG Caraïbes is experimenting with an unprecedented articulation of a more balanced and in-depth cooperation in the Caribbean area. This arrangement makes it possible, within the same INTERREG Caraïbes project, to support the activities of the European partners by the ERDF (European Regional Development Fund) and those of the ACP partners by the EDF.

The programme main events in 2017

The choice of an ambitious communication

The May 2017 follow-up committee was an opportunity for the partners to define the visual identity of the programme, and to adopt a unique graphic charter for all the projects.

Enhanced support for project leaders

To make it easier for project promoters, the programme accompanies them from the emergence of the idea to the closing of their project. An animation close to the carriers of projects is thus carried out on the whole of the Caribbean. In 2017, work sessions were held in Guadeloupe, Guyana and Martinique with selected and postponed project leaders, presentation events and information on the programme to the general public, exchanges with potential project holders.
### General presentation of the projects selected by the INTERREG Caribbean programme in 2017

In 2017, 15 projects have been selected and will be supported by INTERREG Caribbean. Of these projects, 4 projects receive an EDF and ERDF grants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Axis</th>
<th>Projects</th>
<th>Total cost</th>
<th>INTERREG Caraïbes Financing</th>
<th>Territories and international organisations being partners</th>
<th>Objectives and results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employment and innovation</td>
<td>MYCONOVA</td>
<td>€1 308 214</td>
<td>€1 293 214</td>
<td>Martinique, Cuba, Spain</td>
<td>Strengthen the economic diversification of territories through the transfer of knowledge in &quot;applied mycology&quot; and the marketing of innovative mycological products.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>TEECA</td>
<td>€2 199 099</td>
<td>€1 115 909</td>
<td>Martinique, OEC$^1$, CED$^2$</td>
<td>Support companies to export in 5 sectors identified as growing sectors for the cooperation zone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CARIBIX</td>
<td>€920 608</td>
<td>€335 036</td>
<td>Saint-Martin, Guadeloupe, Saint-Barth, CTU$^3$</td>
<td>Create and network of GIX in the Caribbean to improve the quality and security of the Internet connection, enable the digital existence of the area and prevent people from being cut off from the world in case of natural disaster.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural hazards</td>
<td>RADAR</td>
<td>€1 868 750</td>
<td>€1 293 750</td>
<td>Saint-Martin et Sint-Maarten</td>
<td>Acquire new weather radar to improve the accuracy of weather forecasts in the Lesser Antilles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CARIB-COAST</td>
<td>€2 505 264</td>
<td>€2 240 782</td>
<td>Guadeloupe, Martinique, Trinidad and Tobago, Jamaica et Porto-Rico</td>
<td>Create a Caribbean network for monitoring, coastal risk prevention and adaptation to climate change.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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$^1$ Organisation of Eastern Caribbean States  
$^2$ Caribbean Export Development Agency  
$^3$ Caribbean Telecommunication Union
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Budget 2017</th>
<th>Budget 2018</th>
<th>Summary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OSAIN</td>
<td>€2 121 614</td>
<td>€1 484 073</td>
<td>Validate scientifically, value and share the traditional uses of Caribbean medicinal plants to promote their use in health and education systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARIFORTS</td>
<td>€1 520 504</td>
<td>€1 356 666</td>
<td>Network the forts of the Caribbean to enhance and develop these tourist assets and offer tours around the forts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSATOUC II</td>
<td>€1 104 686</td>
<td>€870 514</td>
<td>Promote, network and raise the skills of Caribbean artisan heritage stakeholders (basketry, cooking, dance, music).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passeport Caraïbes Amazonie Danse et Cirque</td>
<td>€1 537 442</td>
<td>€1 339 792</td>
<td>Create complementarities between different artistic forms (dance, circus, street arts) and offer training in cultural entrepreneurship to structure the Caribbean artistic and cultural sector, develop and disseminate the artistic creations of the area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARES</td>
<td>€5 652 737</td>
<td>€4 239 553</td>
<td>Develop a care path coordinated and adapted to the needs of the Caribbean population to ensure the quality of patient care and foster the hospitality of Caribbean patients in the French territories of America.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAP 3D</td>
<td>€2 110 53</td>
<td>€112 513</td>
<td>Set up a university exchange programme for 3D animation, video games and special effects.</td>
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</tbody>
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4 TRAMIL (Traditional Medicine for the Islands) is made up of universities, NGOs, research centers from the following countries and territories: Belize, Colombia, Cuba, Curacao, Dominica, Guatemala, Haiti, Jamaica, Mexico, Puerto Rico, Dominican Republic, Trinidad, St Barthelemy, Venezuela, Argentina, Brazil.
### Human capital

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Axes</th>
<th>Projets FED-FEDER</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PAIRE-CARIJSKY</strong></td>
<td>Establish cooperation between three airlines to improve air services in the Caribbean. This will allow passengers to travel more easily from one island to another (cheaper, more convenient, more destinations served and direct connections, more frequent flights and more coordinated schedules).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RECAVACA</strong></td>
<td>Structuring the cocoa sector by developing the technical and professional skills of its stakeholders and developing innovative products based on cocoa.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PREST</strong></td>
<td>Improving the understanding and managing of seismological and tsunami risks through skill improvement of Caribbean geophysicists and the creation of a network of Caribbean geophysicists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CARIMAM</strong></td>
<td>Network marine protected areas dedicated to the preservation of marine mammals of the Greater Caribbean to improve their protection and the preservation of their natural habitat.</td>
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</table>

**Human capital**

- **PAIRE-CARIJSKY**
  - **€2 865 250**
  - **ERDF**: €1 850 000
  - **EDF**: €417 500
  - Guadeloupe, Antigua and Barbuda, Sint Maarten, Dominica

- **RECAVACA**
  - **€344 78**
  - **ERDF**: €216 088
  - **EDF**: €42 420
  - Guadeloupe, Haïti

- **PREST**
  - **€4 112 496**
  - **ERDF**: €2 911 910
  - **EDF**: €68 800
  - Guadeloupe, Martinique, France, Haïti, Cuba

- **CARIMAM**
  - **€3 213 519**
  - **ERDF**: €2 045 456
  - **EDF**: €275 244
  - Guadeloupe, French Guyana, Martinique, Saint-Martin, Saint-Barth, United States, Dominican Republic

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